- WATER SUPPLY

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH²⁰¹⁵ JUN -5 AM 8: 17 BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR 2014 ACL (1) GTER ASSOCIATION, INC. Public Water Supply Name PWS ID # (X) SOOJ & PWS ID # 06/004/ List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply. Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other) Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement) MOn water bills (attach copy of bill) [Email message (MUST Émail the message to the address below) Date(s) customers were informed: 4/30/15, 4/38/15 + 5/38/15CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used Date Mailed/Distributed: / / CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / / As a URL (Provide URL ☐ As an attachment ☐ As text within the body of the email message X CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication) Name of Newspaper: Bankin County News Date Published: 4 / 30//5 Date Posted: 4 /23/15 ∠ CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) ACL Water Association CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):

CERTIFICATION

Thereby certify that the 2014 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

//ev-t/lox

Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)

May be faxed to: (601)576-7800

May be emailed to: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700

P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

2015 JUN -5 AM 8: 17

2014 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report ACL Water Association PWS#: 0610001 & 0610041 April 2015

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Sand Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the ACL Water Association have received a lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Perry Overby, Certified Operator, at 601-546-2322. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Thursday of even months at 7:00 PM at the ACL Water Office located at 1182 HWY 43 South, Pelahatchie, MS.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2014. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2014, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) — The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
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10. Barium	N	2013*	.004	No Range		ppm		2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2013*	3.5	3.4 – 3.5		ppb		100	1	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2012/14		0		ppm		1.3	AL=	
17. Lead	N	2013*	.145	.141145		ppm		4		4 Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
	N	2012/14		0		ppb		0	AL≔	
Disinfectio	n By-	Product	ts							
81. HAA5	N	2013*	3	No Range	ppb		0		60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2013*	3.01	No Range	ppb		0		80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2014	1.9	1 – 2.2	mg/l		0	MDR	L = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

Contaminant	Violation	Date	Level	TEST RES			T		
	Y/N	Collecte		I manage of Docc	les g	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contan	inants	·						
10. Barium	N	2014	.002	No Range		nnm	l	Т	
13. Chromium		0044				ppm	2	2	 Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2014	8.1	No Range	ļ	ppb	100	100	
	N	2012/14	.1	0	F	opm	1.3	AL=1.3	
17. Lead	N	2012/14	1	0	ŗ	opb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectio	n By-Pr	oducts							
32. TTHM Total rihalomethanes]			1.11	No Range	ppb		0	80 By-	product of drinking water prination.
Chlorine	N 2	2014	1.9	1.1 – 2.9	mg/l		0 MD		Vater additive used to control

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2014.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

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2014 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

ACL Water Association PWS#: 0610001 & 0610041 April 2015

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Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per litter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in

PWS ID#:	0610001		T	EST RESULT	S			3
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganio	Contoni	المعادمة				<u> </u>	ł	

10. Barium	N	2013*	.004	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes:
13. Chromium		2013*						discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2013	3.5	3.4 - 3.5	bbp	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride			2	0	ppm	1.3	AL≃1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2013*	.145	141 - 145	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Tata	<u> </u>	2012/14	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	

Disinfectio	n Bv	-Product	E					deposits
81. HAA5	N	2013*	Ĭ 3	No Range	ррь	0	60	By-Product of drinking water
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2013*	3.01	No Range	ppb	ā	80	disinfection. By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine	N	2014	1.9	1-22	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control

ACL Water Association, Inc. 1182 Highway 43 South Pelahatchie, MS 39145-3238 (601) 546-2322

FIRST CLASS MAIL U.S. POSTAGE PAID

PETERMATCHIE, MS

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ACL Water Association, Inc.

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MARILYN WALLEY 520 LAKE BINGHAM RD LAKE MARY FL 32746-3935

ACL OFFICE HOURS 8:00 AM - 12 NOON, MONDAY-FRIDAY ***********BANK DRAFT IS NOW AVAILABLE***********

NOTICE: 2014 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT IS AVAILABLE AT ACL OFFICE & RANKIN COUNTY NEWS

ACL Water Association, Inc. 1182 Highway 43 South Pelahatchie, MS 39145-3238 (601) 546-2322

TYPE METER READING
OF PRESENT PREVIOUS USED CHARGES

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Water 207280 207280 Walters Fire (OPTIONAL)

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ACL Water Association, Inc.

ROUTE	ACCOUNT	PAST DUE AFTER THIS DAT
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NOTICE: 2014 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT IS AVAILABLE AT ACL OFFICE & RANKIN COUNTY NEWS

J L MARTIN 235 RANKIN HILL PL BRANDON MS 39042 2015 JUN -5 MM 8: 1